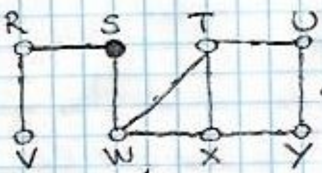
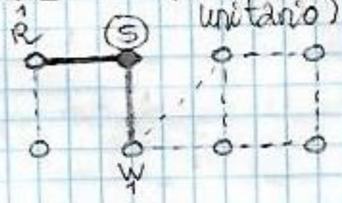
ESEMPIO ALGORITMO BFS (tutti i cammini a costo unitario)



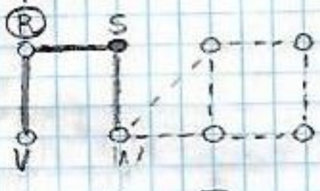
<S,S> = 0

①



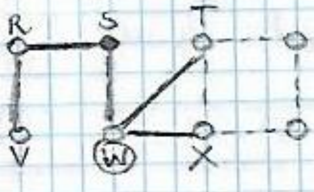
<S,R> = 1
<S,W> = 1

②



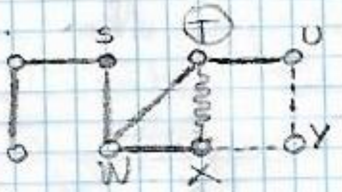
<S,V> = 2

③



<S,T> = 2
<S,X> = <S,W,X> = 2

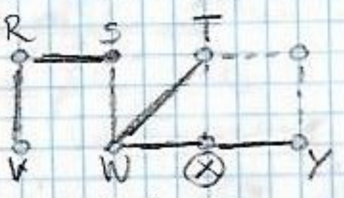
④



<S,T> = 2
<S,X> = <S,W,T,X> = 3.

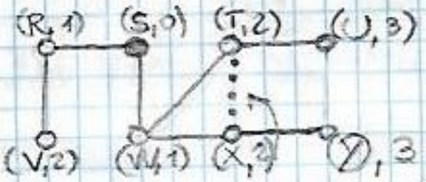
lo scarto perché <S,W,X> e' un percorso a costo minore

⑤



<S,Y> = 3

⑥



<S,U> = 3

ramo che si perde in quanto
<S,W,X> < <S,T,X>